## Ebola Emergency Response Checklist for Outpatient/Ambulatory Care Settings

In the unlikely event you encounter blood, vomit, diarrhea or other bodily fluid in the clinic from a patient who has had contact with an Ebola patient or a travel history in the last 21 days to Guinea, Liberia or Sierra Leone:

□ Call 911 and report that you have a patient with suspected Ebola in your facility that needs to be taken to the hospital for evaluation.
☐ Clear immediate area near bodily fluids (Do not attempt to clean it up)
☐ Call Communicable Disease Epidemiology Line 206-296-4774 immediately
☐ Isolate suspect patient in exam room and close door
$\hfill \square$ Limit unnecessary contact with patient & minimize entry into isolation room
☐ Document anyone entering the isolation room using the <b>Suspect Ebola Patient Contact Log</b>
Communicable Disease Epidemiology will provide guidance on patient transport, decontamination and contact tracing of exposed individuals. Trained staff should:
☐ Identify any potentially exposed patients or staff and ensure they remain on location until instructed otherwise
<ul> <li>Instruct individuals potentially exposed to blood or bodily fluids from a patient with suspected or confirmed Ebola to immediately:</li> <li>Wash hands and avoid touching their face</li> <li>Wash any other affected skin surfaces with soap and water</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Irrigate mucous membranes (e.g., conjunctiva) with a large amount of water or eyewash solution</li> </ul>
☐ Document names and personal contact information of those exposed using the Suspect Ebola Patient Contact Log
$\ \square$ Instruct potentially exposed persons to avoid contact with unexposed individuals